The quantity of land sold for the benefit of the Indians during the year 1901 was 40,720 acres, which realized \$45,135. The quantity of surrendered lands now held by the Government for sale is about 433,249 acres.

The amount at the credit of the Indian fund, which consists of moneys accrued from annuities, secured to the Indians under treaty, and from sales of land, timber, stones, &c., surrendered by them, was, on June 30, 1901, \$3,941,394, the expenditure from which, charged principally to interest, amounted to \$274,064. The expenditure from parliamentary appropriations was \$1,019,329, making a total of \$1,293,393.

The following is a statement of the expenditure from the parliamentary grant by provinces, fiscal year ended June 30, 1901:—

EXPENDITURE FROM PARLIAMENTARY GRANT IN 1901.

	Ontario and Quebec.	Nova Scotia.	New Bruns- wick.	Prince Edward Island.	Manitoba and North- west Territories	British Columbia
	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries. Relief and seed grain Medical attendance Implements, tools, &c Live stock Annuities and commutations Schools General expenses Survey and reserve commission Triennial clothing	16,184 *38,828				3,382 8,037 7,325 146,918 272,632 143,458 4,935 5,493	19,839 +5,419 10,998 62,508
Supplies for destitute and working Indians. Land management fund. Miscellaneous,		180	300	 16	199,482 7,246	13,453
Totals	80,514	7,709	7,567	1,632	798,908	119,443

^{*} Including maritime provinces.

In addition to the above, the sum of \$3,556 was expended under the head of "General," making the expenditure \$,1,019,329.

[†] Including implements and tools.